

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION  
Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of  
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

(Amendment No. \_\_\_\_)

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to Section 240.14a-12

**SEABOARD CORPORATION**

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- No fee required.
- Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
  - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:  
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  - (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):  
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\_\_\_\_\_
  - (3) Filing party:  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - (4) Date filed:  
\_\_\_\_\_

# SEABOARD CORPORATION

9000 West 67th Street  
Merriam, Kansas 66202

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS APRIL 23, 2018

Notice is hereby given that the 2018 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Seaboard Corporation, a Delaware corporation, will be held at the Westin Waltham, 70 3rd Avenue, Waltham, Massachusetts, on Monday, April 23, 2018, commencing at 1:00 p.m., local time, and thereafter as it may from time to time be adjourned, for the following purposes:

1. Elect five directors to hold office until the 2019 annual meeting of stockholders and until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified;
2. Ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as the independent auditors of Seaboard for the year ending December 31, 2018; and
3. Transact such other business as properly may come before the meeting.

The Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on February 23, 2018, as the record date for determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the annual meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,

David M. Becker,  
*Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary*

March 9, 2018

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT. WHETHER OR NOT YOU PLAN TO ATTEND THE MEETING, PLEASE FOLLOW THE SPECIFIC VOTING INSTRUCTIONS APPEARING ON THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD AS PROMPTLY AS POSSIBLE IN ORDER TO ENSURE YOUR REPRESENTATION AT THE MEETING.

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials For the Stockholder Meeting to be held on April 23, 2018**

This notice of annual meeting and accompanying proxy materials are available to you on the Internet. We encourage you to review all of the important information contained in the proxy materials before voting.

**Our Company's Proxy Statement, Annual Report and other proxy materials  
to Stockholders are available at:**

**<https://www.seaboardcorp.com/investors> (under "Investor Center")**

**SEABOARD CORPORATION**  
**9000 West 67th Street**  
**Merriam, Kansas 66202**

**PROXY STATEMENT**  
**ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**  
**APRIL 23, 2018**

March 9, 2018

**Date, Time and Place of the Meeting**

This proxy statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies for use at the annual meeting of stockholders of Seaboard Corporation (the “Company” or “Seaboard”) to be held on Monday, April 23, 2018, commencing at 1:00 p.m., local time, and at any adjournment thereof. The meeting is called for the purposes set forth in the foregoing Notice of Annual Meeting, and will be held at the Westin Waltham, 70 3rd Avenue, Waltham, Massachusetts. You may obtain directions to the location of the annual meeting by calling us at (913) 676-8800.

**Stockholders Entitled to Vote at the Meeting**

Stockholders of record as of the close of business on the February 23, 2018 record date are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the annual meeting and at any adjournment thereof. Seaboard had 1,170,550.24 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value, outstanding and entitled to vote as of the record date. Each such share of common stock is entitled to one vote on each matter properly to come before the annual meeting. This proxy statement and the enclosed form of proxy were first sent or given to stockholders on or about March 9, 2018.

**Quorum Requirement**

A quorum of stockholders is necessary to hold a valid meeting. A majority of our outstanding shares of common stock on the record date, or 585,275.24 shares, will be needed to establish a quorum for the annual meeting. Votes cast at the annual meeting will be tabulated by persons duly appointed to act as inspectors of election and voting for the annual meeting. The inspectors of election and voting will treat shares represented by a properly signed and returned proxy as present at the annual meeting for purposes of determining a quorum, without regard to whether the proxy is marked as casting a vote or abstaining. Likewise, the inspectors will treat shares of stock represented by proxies reflecting one or more “broker non-votes” as present for purposes of determining a quorum. Broker non-votes are proxies with respect to shares held in record name by brokers or nominees, as to which (i) instructions have not been received from the beneficial owners or persons entitled to vote with respect to one or more matters; (ii) the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power under applicable national securities exchange rules or the instrument under which it serves in such capacity; and (iii) the record holder has indicated on the proxy card or otherwise notified Seaboard that it does not have authority to vote such shares on such matter or matters.

**Attending the Meeting and Voting in Person**

If you plan to attend the annual meeting and vote in person, we will give you a ballot when you arrive. However, if your shares are held in the name of your broker, bank or other nominee (commonly referred to as being held in “street” name), proof of ownership may be required for you to be admitted to the meeting. A recent brokerage statement and letter from a bank or broker are examples of proof of ownership. If you want to vote your shares of common stock held in street name in person at the meeting, you will have to get a written proxy in your name from the broker, bank or other nominee who holds your shares.

**Voting by Proxy**

The Board of Directors solicits your proxy in the form enclosed for use at the annual meeting. You may vote your shares by completing the proxy card with your vote, signature and date, and returning it by mail in the envelope provided, or you can follow the instructions on the proxy card to cast your vote via the Internet or telephone. Any stockholder giving a proxy in accordance with the enclosed form may revoke it at any time before it is exercised. A stockholder may revoke his or her proxy by delivering to the Secretary of Seaboard a written notice of revocation or a duly executed proxy bearing a later date, or by attending the meeting and voting in person. A duly completed proxy will be voted at the annual meeting in accordance with the instructions of the stockholder. Where a stockholder’s voting instructions are not specified in the completed proxy, the shares represented by the proxy will be voted “for” the election of the nominees for director listed herein; and “for” ratification of the selection of KPMG LLP as independent auditors for 2018. The Board of Directors

does not know of any matters that will be brought before the meeting other than those referred to in the Notice of Annual Meeting. However, if any other matter properly comes before the meeting, it is intended that the persons named in the enclosed form of proxy, or their substitutes acting thereunder, will vote on such matter in accordance with their discretion and judgment. If your shares of common stock are held in street name, you will receive instructions from your broker, bank or other nominee that you must follow in order to have your shares voted. Seaboard will bear all expenses in connection with the solicitation of proxies, including preparing, assembling and mailing this proxy statement. After the initial mailing of this proxy statement, proxies may be solicited by mail, telephone, facsimile transmission or personally by directors, officers, employees or agents of Seaboard. Brokerage houses and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries will be requested to forward soliciting materials to beneficial owners of shares held of record by them, and their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses will be paid by Seaboard.

### Vote Required

A favorable plurality of votes cast (a number greater than those cast for any other candidates) is necessary to elect members of the Board of Directors. Accordingly, abstentions or broker non-votes as to the election of directors will not affect the election of the candidates receiving the plurality of votes. The other proposal set forth herein requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented at the meeting. Shares represented by broker non-votes as to such matters are treated as not being present for the purposes of such matters, while abstentions as to such matters are treated as being present but not voting in the affirmative. Accordingly, the effect of broker non-votes is only to reduce the number of shares considered to be present for the consideration of such matters, while abstentions will have the same effect as votes against the matter.

### PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth certain information as of January 31, 2018 (unless otherwise indicated below) regarding the beneficial ownership of Seaboard's common stock by the only persons known to us to own beneficially 5 percent or more of Seaboard's common stock. Unless otherwise indicated, all beneficial ownership consists of sole voting and sole investment power.

<i>Name and Address of Beneficial Owner</i>	<i>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</i>	<i>Percent of Class</i>
Steven J. Bresky <sup>(1)</sup> c/o Seaboard Flour LLC 1320 Centre Street, Suite 200 Newton Center, MA 02459	909,529.24	77.7%
Seaboard Flour LLC <sup>(2)</sup> 1320 Centre Street, Suite 200 Newton Center, MA 02459	465,825.69	39.8%
SFC Preferred, LLC <sup>(2)</sup> 1320 Centre Street, Suite 200 Newton Center, MA 02459	428,122.55	36.6%
FMR LLC <sup>(3)</sup> 245 Summer Street Boston, MA 02210	66,584.00	5.7%

<sup>(1)</sup> The shares of Seaboard's common stock reported include (i) 465,825.69 shares held by Seaboard Flour LLC, for which S. Bresky serves as the sole manager; (ii) 428,122.55 shares held by SFC Preferred, LLC, for which S. Bresky serves as the sole manager; (iii) 4,895 shares held by two trusts created for the benefit of S. Bresky and other members of the Bresky family and for which S. Bresky serves as co-trustee; (iv) 4,661 shares held by SJB SEB LLC, whose members include a grantor retained annuity trust and a revocable trust for which S. Bresky serves as trustee; (v) 4,250 shares held by Bresky Foundation, for which S. Bresky serves as President, Treasurer and a Director; and (vi) 1,775 shares held by a trust created for the benefit of other members of the Bresky family and for which S. Bresky serves as the business advisor with voting and investment power. All of the membership interests of Seaboard Flour LLC, SFC Preferred, LLC and SJB SEB LLC (collectively, the "Seaboard Flour Entities") are owned by S. Bresky and other members of the Bresky family, including trusts created for their benefit.

<sup>(2)</sup> S. Bresky, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of Seaboard, and other members of the

Bresky family, including trusts created for their benefit, beneficially own all of the common units of the Seaboard Flour Entities. S. Bresky is the co-trustee and beneficiary of some of the trusts owning units of the Seaboard Flour Entities, and may be deemed to have indirect beneficial ownership of Seaboard's common stock held by the Seaboard Flour Entities by virtue of his position as manager of both of the Seaboard Flour Entities, with the right to vote Seaboard shares owned by the Seaboard Flour Entities.

- (3) FMR LLC, along with certain of its affiliates, has sole voting power with respect to 19,413 shares and sole dispositive power with respect to 66,584 shares. Abigail P. Johnson is a Director, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of FMR LLC. Members of the Johnson family, including Abigail P. Johnson, are the predominant owners, directly or through trusts, of Series B voting common shares of FMR LLC, representing 49 percent of the voting power of FMR LLC. The Johnson family group and all other Series B shareholders have entered into a shareholders' voting agreement under which all Series B voting common shares will be voted in accordance with the majority vote of Series B voting common shares. Accordingly, through their ownership of voting common shares and the execution of the shareholders' voting agreement, members of the Johnson family may be deemed, under the Investment Company Act of 1940, to form a controlling group with respect to FMR LLC. Neither FMR LLC nor Abigail P. Johnson has the sole power to vote or direct the voting of the shares owned directly by the various investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act ("Fidelity Funds") advised by Fidelity Management & Research Company ("FMR Co"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of FMR LLC, which power resides with the Fidelity Funds' Board of Trustees. FMR Co carries out the voting of the shares under written guidelines established by the Fidelity Funds' Board of Trustees. This information is based solely on a Schedule 13G filed by FMR LLC with the SEC on February 13, 2018 with respect to beneficial ownership as of December 31, 2017.

#### SHARE OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT AND DIRECTORS

The following table sets forth certain information as of January 31, 2018 regarding the beneficial ownership of Seaboard's common stock by each of our directors and director nominees, each of our executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table on page 7 and all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

<i>Name of Beneficial Owner</i>	<i>Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership</i>	<i>Percent of Class</i>
Steven J. Bresky	909,529.24 <sup>(1)</sup>	77.7%
David A. Adamsen	20.00	*
Douglas W. Baena	100.00	*
Edward I. Shifman, Jr.	- 0 -	*
Paul M. Squires	4,661.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	*
Robert L. Steer	- 0 -	*
Terry J. Holton	- 0 -	*
David M. Dannov	10.00	*
Edward A. Gonzalez	- 0 -	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (16 persons)	909,684.24	77.7%

(1) The nature of the beneficial ownership of the shares reported is set forth in footnote (1) to the table under "Principal Stockholders" above.

(2) The shares of Seaboard's common stock reported include 4,661 shares held by SJB SEB LLC, for which P. Squires serves as the sole manager. All of the membership interests of SJB SEB LLC are owned by trusts created for the benefit of S. Bresky and other members of the Bresky family.

\* Less than one percent.

## ITEM 1: ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Our Board of Directors has fixed the number of directors at five, and has nominated the persons set forth below for election at the annual meeting. Unless otherwise specified, proxies will be voted in favor of the election as directors of the following five persons for a term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Principal Occupations and Positions and Specific Experience, Qualifications, Attributes or Skills</i>	<i>Director Since</i>
Steven J. Bresky	64	Director, Seaboard Corporation; President and Chief Executive Officer (since July 2006), Seaboard Corporation; Manager, Seaboard Flour (since 2006). Mr. Bresky is particularly qualified to be a Director of Seaboard based on his experience in working for Seaboard for more than 30 years, including acting as President of Seaboard Corporation and as President of Seaboard's Overseas Division.	2005
David A. Adamsen	66	Director and Member of Audit Committee, Seaboard Corporation; former Vice President – Wholesale Sales (January 2009-2010), C&S Wholesale Grocers (wholesale food distribution company). Mr. Adamsen has worked for more than 35 years in the food, food distribution, and food manufacturing businesses. His experience and knowledge make him qualified as a Director for Seaboard.	1995
Douglas W. Baena	75	Director and Chairman of Audit Committee, Seaboard Corporation; self-employed (since 1997), engaging in facilitation of equipment lease financings and consulting, doing business as CreditAmerica Corporation. Mr. Baena has an educational background in accounting and has experience working as a Certified Public Accountant. He also has experience arranging lease financing transactions for companies. This accounting and finance background provides experience and attributes which are desirable for a Seaboard Director.	2001
Edward I. Shifman, Jr.	74	Director and Member of Audit Committee, Seaboard Corporation. Mr. Shifman is retired and has experience working as a banker for more than 30 years for various financial institutions, providing experience qualifying him to serve as a Director.	2009
Paul M. Squires	63	Director, Seaboard Corporation; Chief Operating Officer, Seaboard Flour LLC (since 2006); Controller, Seaboard Flour LLC (2003-2004). In his position as Chief Operating Officer of Seaboard Flour LLC, Mr. Squires reports to S. Bresky, who is the Manager of Seaboard Flour LLC, in addition to being Seaboard's President and Chief Executive Officer. Seaboard Flour LLC owns 39.8 percent of the outstanding shares of Seaboard. Mr. Squires graduated with an accounting degree in 1977 and was licensed as a Certified Public Accountant in 1980. His accounting background and management experience at Seaboard Flour are attributes which are desirable for a Seaboard Director.	2016

Edward I. Shifman, Jr. is a first cousin of Steven J. Bresky.

There are no arrangements or understandings between any nominee and any other person pursuant to which such nominee was nominated.

In case any person or persons named herein for election as directors are not available for election at the annual meeting, proxies may be voted for a substitute nominee or nominees (unless the authority to vote for all nominees or for the particular nominee who has ceased to be a candidate has been withheld), as well as for the balance of those named herein. Management has no reason to believe that any of the nominees for the election as director will be unavailable.

The Board of Directors recommends that you vote for the election as directors of the persons listed above.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS INFORMATION

### Meetings of the Board

The Board of Directors held six meetings in fiscal 2017, two of which were telephonic meetings. Other actions of the Board of Directors were taken by unanimous written consent, as needed. Each director attended more than 75 percent of the aggregate of the total number of meetings of the Board of Directors and the total number of meetings held by all committees of the Board on which he served.

Seaboard does not have any policy requiring directors to attend Seaboard's annual meeting of stockholders, although generally the directors have attended Seaboard's annual stockholders' meetings. All directors attended the 2017 annual meeting.

### Controlled Corporation

Seaboard is a "controlled corporation," as defined in the rules of the NYSE American, because more than 50 percent of the voting power of Seaboard is owned by the Seaboard Flour Entities. As such, Seaboard is exempted from many of the requirements regarding Board of Director committees and independence. The members of our Board of Directors who are independent within the meaning of the NYSE American listing standards are David A. Adamsen, Douglas W. Baena and Edward I. Shifman, Jr.

### Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Steven J. Bresky serves as both Seaboard's principal executive officer and Chairman of the Board. Steven J. Bresky is the beneficial owner of approximately 77.7 percent of Seaboard, and has more than 30 years' experience with Seaboard. Seaboard does not have a lead independent director. Seaboard believes that Steven J. Bresky has a sufficient vested interest in Seaboard on the basis of his stock ownership position, and has the experience necessary to lead Seaboard as both the principal executive officer and Chairman of the Board.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors provides risk oversight of Seaboard with respect to the audit of Seaboard's financial statements, Seaboard's internal audit function and any financial matters reported to Seaboard's Vice President of Internal Audit or other Seaboard representative. The Audit Committee administers this oversight function through Audit Committee meetings and periodic meetings in private with Seaboard's auditors, KPMG LLP, and Seaboard's Vice President of Internal Audit. The Board of Directors does not have any other significant oversight function, aside from performance of the Board of Director function through periodic meetings. The Board of Directors does not believe that its role in risk oversight of Seaboard has any significant effect on the Board's leadership structure.

### Committees of the Board

Seaboard's Board of Directors has established an Audit Committee and an Incentive Compensation Committee. There currently are no other standing executive, compensation, nominating or other committees of Seaboard's Board of Directors, or committees performing similar functions of the Board.

*Audit Committee.* Seaboard's Board of Directors has established an Audit Committee comprised solely of independent directors. The members of the Audit Committee are David A. Adamsen, Douglas W. Baena and Edward I. Shifman, Jr. Mr. Baena is Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee selects and retains independent auditors and assists the Board in its oversight of the integrity of Seaboard's financial statements, including the performance of our independent auditors in their audit of our annual financial statements. The Audit Committee meets with management and the independent auditors, as may be required. The independent auditors have full and free access to the Audit Committee, without the presence of management. The Board of Directors has determined that Douglas W. Baena is an "audit committee financial expert" and is "independent," within the meaning of the listing standards of NYSE American. The Audit Committee held four meetings in fiscal 2017, two of which were telephonic meetings.

*Incentive Compensation Committee.* Seaboard's Board of Directors has established an Incentive Compensation Committee comprised solely of "outside" directors, as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m). The members of the Incentive Compensation Committee are David A. Adamsen and Douglas W. Baena. The Incentive Compensation Committee does not have a charter.

The Incentive Compensation Committee is charged with administering the Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan and has no responsibility for the consideration of any other executive or director compensation. The Incentive Compensation Committee may not delegate any of its authority. In 2017, the Incentive Compensation Committee held one telephonic meeting and took action by unanimous consent on one occasion.

## Director Nominations

The Board of Directors believes it is not necessary to have a separate nominating committee because of the low turnover of Board of Director seats and because the entire Board of Directors participates in the consideration of director nominees. There currently is no charter that establishes procedures for the Board's consideration of director nominees. The Board believes that it should be comprised of directors with varied, complementary backgrounds, and that directors should, at a minimum, have expertise that may be useful to Seaboard. Directors should also possess the highest personal and professional ethics, and should be willing and able to devote the required amount of time to Seaboard's business. In determining whether a director should be retained and stand for re-election, the Board also considers that member's performance and contribution to the Board during his tenure with the Board. Seaboard's policy is to consider nominees who are submitted by stockholders on a case-by-case basis. All nominees, including those submitted by stockholders, will be evaluated using generally the same methods and criteria, although those methods and criteria are not standardized and may vary from time to time. The Board does not have any policy with respect to diversity and does not consider diversity in identifying nominees for Director.

## Communication with the Board

The Board of Directors does not provide a process for stockholders to send communications to the Board because it believes that the process available under applicable federal securities laws for stockholders to submit proposals for consideration at the annual meeting is adequate.

## Compensation of Directors

The following table shows the compensation received by each member of our Board of Directors (other than those who are Named Executive Officers in the Summary Compensation Table on page 7) for service on the Board in 2017.

*Director Compensation Table*

	<i>Fees Earned or Paid in Cash</i>	<i>All Other Compensation</i>	<i>Total</i>
Douglas W. Baena	\$ 92,000	- 0 -	\$ 92,000
David A. Adamsen	\$ 82,000	- 0 -	\$ 82,000
Edward I. Shifman, Jr.	\$ 82,000	- 0 -	\$ 82,000
Paul M. Squires	\$ 72,000	- 0 -	\$ 72,000

Each non-employee director received \$18,000 quarterly and an additional \$2,500 per quarter for service on the Audit Committee of the Board. The Chairman of the Audit Committee also received an additional \$2,500 per quarter. All director compensation represents fees paid in cash only.



## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION AND OTHER INFORMATION

The following table shows all compensation earned, during the fiscal years indicated, by the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the three other highest paid executive officers of Seaboard (the “Named Executive Officers”) for such period in all capacities in which they have served:

*Summary Compensation Table*

<i>Name and Principal Position</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Salary<sup>(1)</sup> (\$)</i>	<i>Bonus<sup>(2)</sup> (\$)</i>	<i>Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings<sup>(3)</sup> (\$)</i>	<i>All Other Compensation<sup>(4)</sup> (\$)</i>	<i>Total (\$)</i>
Steven J. Bresky	2017	950,000	1,550,000	2,926,961	179,998	5,606,959
President, Chief Executive Officer	2016	942,000	1,450,000	2,223,656	140,135	4,755,791
	2015	942,000	1,100,000	363,048	159,737	2,564,785
Robert L. Steer	2017	786,000	1,450,000	1,544,793	224,439	4,005,232
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	2016	763,000	1,350,000	2,847,061	147,851	5,107,912
	2015	741,000	1,050,000	683,813	179,425	2,654,238
Terry J. Holton	2017	569,000	1,350,000	819,791	420,411	3,159,202
President, Seaboard Foods LLC	2016	552,000	765,000	1,437,537	129,130	2,883,667
	2015	535,000	950,000	363,326	115,319	1,963,645
Edward A. Gonzalez	2017	495,000	765,000	626,709	129,802	2,016,511
President, Seaboard Marine Ltd.	2016	472,000	850,000	625,100	110,274	2,057,374
	2015	458,000	750,000	320,235	124,535	1,652,770
David M. Dannov	2017	495,000	750,000	1,089,293	133,357	2,467,650
President, Seaboard Overseas Trading Group	2016	472,000	700,000	1,160,692	90,762	2,423,454
	2015	458,000	400,000	348,333	103,039	1,309,372

(1) Salary includes amounts deferred at the election of the Named Executive Officers under Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan and the Seaboard Corporation Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, such plans being described below under “Benefit Plans.”

(2) Reflects bonus earned, and includes amounts deferred at the election of the Named Executive Officers under Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan and the Seaboard Corporation Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan described below under “Benefit Plans.”

(3) Reflects the actuarial increase (decrease) in the present value of the Named Executive Officer’s benefits under all retirement plans, for which information is provided in the Pension Benefits table on page 12, determined using interest rate and mortality rate assumptions, consistent with those used in Seaboard’s financial statements. These amounts for 2017 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$2,619,622; R. Steer, \$1,544,793; T. Holton, \$756,409; E. Gonzalez, \$626,709; and D. Dannov, \$1,080,900. These amounts for 2016 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$2,136,739; R. Steer, \$2,847,061; T. Holton, \$1,419,499; E. Gonzalez, \$625,100; and D. Dannov, \$1,158,318. These amounts for 2015 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$363,048; R. Steer, \$683,813; T. Holton, \$363,326; E. Gonzalez, \$320,235; and D. Dannov, 348,333. The amounts also reflect the above-market earnings on contributions under the Seaboard Corporation Investment Option Plan described below. The amounts for 2017 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$307,339; T. Holton, \$63,382; and D. Dannov, \$8,393. The amounts for 2016 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$86,917; T. Holton, \$18,038; and D. Dannov, \$2,374. There are no above-market earnings in 2015.

(4) Included in All Other Compensation are Seaboard matching contributions under the Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan or Seaboard Marine Ltd. 401(k) Plan, such plans being described below under “Benefit Plans.”

These amounts for 2017 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$61,794; R. Steer, \$95,293; T. Holton, \$63,254; E. Gonzalez, \$56,376; and D. Dannov, \$28,353.

Also included in All Other Compensation are the amounts earned for unused paid time off. These amounts for 2017 are as follows: S. Bresky, \$38,822; R. Steer, \$61,076; T. Holton, \$39,576; E. Gonzalez, \$19,038; and D. Dannov, \$58,543.

Also included in All Other Compensation are Seaboard's contributions to its 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan on behalf of the Named Executive Officers, amounts paid for disability and life insurance and individual perquisites, including amounts paid as an automobile allowance, fuel card usage, personal usage of Seaboard's airplane, a gross-up for related taxes. Reimbursement for taxes owed on the above-stated items total as follows for each of the Named Executive Officers for 2017: S. Bresky, \$31,119; R. Steer, \$26,721; T. Holton, \$24,445; E. Gonzalez, \$18,094; and D. Dannov, \$13,368.

## PAY RATIO

Pursuant to a mandate of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, set forth below for 2017 is a comparison of (i) the annual total compensation of S. Bresky, Seaboard's Chief Executive Officer; and (ii) the median of the annual total compensation of all employees of Seaboard and its consolidated subsidiaries (other than S. Bresky). The median of the annual total compensation and the pay ratio described below are reasonable estimates calculated by Seaboard in a manner consistent with applicable SEC regulations.

Seaboard estimates that in 2017, the annual total compensation of S. Bresky was \$5,606,959 and the median of the annual total compensation of all employees of Seaboard and its consolidated subsidiaries (other than S. Bresky) was \$32,073, and thus the ratio of the annual total compensation of S. Bresky to the median of the annual total compensation of all of Seaboard's employees was 175 to 1. Seaboard's "median employee" worked at Seaboard's pork processing plant in Oklahoma.

To determine the median of the annual total compensation of all of Seaboard's employees, as well as to determine the annual total compensation of Seaboard's "median employee" and Seaboard's Chief Executive Officer, Seaboard used the following methodology and made the following material assumptions, adjustments and estimates:

1. Seaboard selected October 1, 2017, which is within the last three months of 2017, as the date upon which it would identify the "median employee" to allow sufficient time to identify the median employee given the global scope of its operations. To identify the "median employee," Seaboard included all worldwide employees as of October 1, 2017, whether employed on a full-time, part-time or seasonal basis.

2. Seaboard determined that gross wages of such employees for the month of August 2017 was a reasonable compensation measure to determine the median employee, given (i) Seaboard's large, international workforce; (ii) the diversity of countries and compensation structures in which Seaboard operates; and (iii) the high employee turnover in some of Seaboard's operations. Seaboard believes that the use of this partial year period is appropriate as it confirmed that the period is reflective of the annual total compensation of all of its employees and would not significantly impact the identity of the median employee.

3. With respect to employees hired in the months of August and September 2017, and thus not having a full month of wages, Seaboard estimated their wages by (x) grossing up actual partial gross wages to reflect an entire month's worth of wages based upon each employee's status as full-time, part-time or seasonal employee; or (y) using the average wages received by employees performing a similar function (and in the same status, i.e., full-time, part-time or seasonal) at the same location during the month. All wages were converted into U.S. dollar equivalents using the respective exchange rates as of August 31, 2017. Seaboard did not make any cost-of-living adjustments in identifying the median employee.

4. Once Seaboard identified its median employee, Seaboard included the elements of such employee's compensation for 2017 determined in accordance with the requirements of Item 402(c)(2)(x) of Regulation S-K. With respect to the annual total compensation of Seaboard's Chief Executive Officer, Seaboard used the amount reported in the "Total" column of its 2017 Summary Compensation Table included in this Proxy Statement, which likewise was calculated in accordance with those same requirements.

**EMPLOYMENT ARRANGEMENTS  
WITH NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

Seaboard and each Named Executive Officer is a party to an Employment Agreement with Seaboard.

The Employment Agreements for S. Bresky, R. Steer and T. Holton have a term of one year and extend annually for one year terms, unless terminated by Seaboard. The Employment Agreements for the other Named Executive Officers have terms of three years, and extend annually for three year terms through December 31, 2017 with respect to D. Dannov, and December 31, 2021 with respect to E. Gonzalez, and then extend annually for one year terms, unless terminated by Seaboard.

The Employment Agreements provide for payment of the following initial Base Salary and minimum Annual Bonus for each Named Executive Officer:

	<i>Initial Base Salary</i>	<i>Minimum Annual Bonus</i>
S. Bresky	\$ 880,000	None
R. Steer	\$ 680,000	\$ 450,000
T. Holton	\$ 420,000	None
E. Gonzalez	\$ 420,000	\$ 400,000
D. Dannov	\$ 420,000	None

**Payments Upon Certain Events**

The Employment Agreements each continue to provide for the payment of severance upon the termination of employment in certain circumstances. Following is a summary of the amounts which would be paid by Seaboard to each Named Executive Officer if, on December 31, 2017, his employment was involuntarily terminated without “Cause,” or if he resigned for “Good Reason,” as those terms are defined in the Employment Agreement for each Named Executive Officer:

	<i>Accrued Bonus through 12/31/17 – Payable 30 Days After Termination Date (\$)</i>	<i>Severance Payable Over One Year in Installments (\$)</i>	<i>Lump Sum Severance Payable One Year After Termination (\$)</i>	<i>Total (\$)</i>
Steven J. Bresky	1,450,000	950,000	1,450,000	3,850,000
Robert L. Steer	1,350,000	786,000	1,350,000	3,486,000
Terry J. Holton	1,250,000	569,000	1,250,000	3,069,000
Edward A. Gonzalez	850,000	495,000	3,540,000	4,885,000
David M. Dannov	700,000	495,000	3,090,000	4,285,000

The Board of Directors has approved for each of the Named Executive Officers the right to use Seaboard’s airplane for personal use. S. Bresky was allotted 20 hours of flight time for personal use for 2017 and 25 hours of flight time for personal use in 2018. Each of the other Named Executive Officers was allotted 10 hours of flight time for personal use for each of 2017 and 2018. Seaboard also will pay each of the Named Executive Officers for the incidental fees and expenses incurred related to the flights, including ground transportation, and a “tax gross-up” of the estimated federal and state income taxes each will incur as a consequence of this benefit.

## BENEFIT PLANS

### 409A Executive Retirement Plan and Cash Balance Retirement Plan

The Seaboard Corporation 409A Executive Retirement Plan (the “Executive Retirement Plan”) provides retirement benefits for a select group of the officers and managers, including the Named Executive Officers, other than E. Gonzalez. The Executive Retirement Plan was amended and restated effective January 1, 2013. The Executive Retirement Plan gives credit for all years of service with Seaboard, both before and after becoming a participant. For years of service before becoming a participant (pre-participation service), the benefit is equal to 0.65 percent of the final average remuneration (salary plus bonus) of the participant, plus 0.50 percent of final average remuneration of the participant in excess of Social Security Covered Compensation, all multiplied by the participant’s pre-participation service. For years of service after becoming a participant (post-participation service), the benefit is equal to 2.5 percent of the final average remuneration of the participant, multiplied by the participant’s years of post-participation service. The amendment to the Executive Retirement Plan effective January 1, 2013 limits, and in some circumstances establishes, the final average remuneration and limits the years of post-participation service eligible to calculate the benefit. The benefit amount determined by the formula is reduced by the following: (i) the amount such participant has accrued under the Seaboard Corporation Pension Plan (described below); and (ii) the benefit earned under the Executive Retirement Plan from 1994 through 1996 that resulted in cash payments from the plan that were based on the cost to purchase such benefit. Benefits under the Executive Retirement Plan are currently unfunded. As of December 31, 2017, all of the participating Named Executive Officers were fully vested, as defined in the Executive Retirement Plan. For the accrued benefit as of December 31, 2012 (the “Pre-2013 Benefit”), the ordinary form of payment of the benefit is pursuant to a “Single Lump Sum Payment,” which is equivalent in value to the benefit described above, payable in “Single Life Annuity” form. Under certain circumstances, the Executive Retirement Plan allows for optional forms of payment of the Pre-2013 Benefit. If the Pre-2013 Benefit will be paid pursuant to a lump sum, then payment will be made upon the earlier of: (i) the seventh month following separation from service; (ii) any change of control of Seaboard; or (iii) death or disability. If the Pre-2013 Benefit will be paid pursuant to an annuity, payment will begin in the seventh month following the month in which the participant has a separation from service, or at age 62, if later; or pursuant to a lump sum, in the event of the death or disability of the participant, or any change of control of Seaboard. The portion of the benefit which accrues after December 31, 2012 (“Post-2012 Benefit”) will be calculated as a lump sum on a date specified in the plan, and for the Named Executive Officers other than R. Steer, this balance will be increased or decreased based on the return of certain investments selected by the participant and paid upon the earlier of: (i) the participant’s separation from service; (ii) a change of control; or (iii) the death or disability of the participant. For participants who are not covered employees under IRC § 162(m), the Post-2012 Benefit will be paid as a lump sum on the earlier of: (i) the date specified in the plan; (ii) the seventh month following separation of service; (iii) any change of control of Seaboard; or (iv) death or disability. The table in the Seaboard Corporation Pension Plan section below sets forth estimates of the present value as of December 31, 2017 of the accumulated benefits that would be payable to the Named Executive Officers under the Executive Retirement Plan at the earliest unreduced age (i.e., age 62) for pre-participation and post-participation service (note that S. Bresky, R. Steer and D. Dannov began participating in this plan on January 1, 1994, and T. Holton began participating in this plan on January 1, 1997), which estimates are calculated based on the assumptions described in Footnote 9 of Seaboard’s 2017 financial statements contained in its Annual Report.

The Seaboard Corporation Cash Balance Executive Retirement Plan (the “Cash Balance Retirement Plan”) provides retirement benefits for a select group of the officers of Seaboard’s subsidiary, Seaboard Marine Ltd., including E. Gonzalez. The Cash Balance Retirement Plan was amended and restated effective January 1, 2013 and dated December 21, 2012. The Cash Balance Retirement Plan provides an alternative benefit in lieu of the Executive Retirement Plan because of a change in tax law which provided for adverse tax consequences to the employees of certain foreign subsidiaries. The benefit under the Cash Balance Retirement Plan is structured to approximate the benefit which would have been payable to the participant had he remained a participant in the Executive Retirement Plan; provided, however, pursuant to the Cash Balance Retirement Plan, each participant must recognize income equal to the annual increase in the accrued benefit under the plan, and Seaboard makes a cash distribution under the plan in an amount equal to the estimated amount of taxes which will be incurred by the participant based on the income recognized, which cash distribution is deducted from the amount of the accrued benefit. In conjunction with the adoption of the plan, each participant agreed that the accrued vested benefit under the Executive Retirement Plan would be paid pursuant to the provisions of the Cash Balance Retirement Plan. The accrued benefit under the Cash Balance Retirement Plan will be determined for each participant as of a date set forth in the plan, on which date no further years of service will accrue for purposes of calculating the benefit. The accrued benefit as of this date will be increased or decreased based on deemed investments selected by the participant, and will be paid upon the earlier of: (i) a separation of service; (ii) a change in control of Seaboard; or (iii) death or disability. Payment of all or a portion of the benefit may be delayed by up to six months in accordance with the then applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The benefit under the Cash Balance Retirement Plan is

currently unfunded. The table in the Seaboard Corporation Pension Plan section below sets forth an estimate of the present value as of December 31, 2017 of the accumulated benefit that would be payable to E. Gonzalez under the Cash Balance Retirement Plan at the earliest unreduced age (i.e., age 62), not considering the distributions paid to each such participant prior to age 62 in an amount equal to the estimated income taxes required to be paid as a consequence of the plan for years prior to payment of the lump sum benefit, which estimate is calculated based on the same assumptions described in Footnote 9 of Seaboard's financial statements contained in its Annual Report. Note that E. Gonzalez became a participant in the Executive Retirement Plan on January 1, 2005; however, he has been awarded three additional years of service, such that he is deemed to have joined the plan effective January 1, 2002. Accordingly, the table in the Pension Benefits section below reflects the pre-participation and post-participation service based on this date. Such service is credited under the Cash Balance Retirement Plan.

### **Seaboard Corporation Pension Plan**

Seaboard provides defined benefits for its domestic salaried and clerical employees who began employment on or before December 31, 2013 upon retirement through the Seaboard Corporation Pension Plan (the "Corporation Plan") or the Seaboard Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the "Defined Benefit Plan") (collectively the "Plans"). Beginning in fiscal 1997, each of the individuals named in the Summary Compensation Table participated in the Corporation Plan. Effective January 1, 2010, the Defined Benefit Plan was established, receiving assets from and assuming liabilities of the Corporation Plan. Effective January 1, 2017, the Plans were merged. Prior to January 1, 2017, the Named Executive Officers other than E. Gonzalez participated in the Corporation Plan, and E. Gonzalez participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. The benefits under the Corporation Plan and the Defined Benefit Plan are the same. Benefits under the Plans generally are based upon the number of years of service and a percentage of final average remuneration (salary plus bonus), subject to limitations under applicable federal law. As of December 31, 2017, all of the Named Executive Officers were fully vested, as defined in the Plans. Under the Plans, the benefit payment for a married participant is pursuant to a "50 Percent Joint and Survivor Annuity." This means the participant will receive a monthly annuity benefit for his/her lifetime, and an eligible surviving spouse will receive a lifetime annuity equal to 50 percent of the participant's benefit. The payment of the benefit for an unmarried participant is pursuant to a "Single Life Annuity." The Plans allow for optional forms of payment under certain circumstances. The normal retirement age under the Plans is age 65. However, unreduced benefits are available at age 62 with five years of service. The Pension Benefits table below shows the present value of the accumulated benefits that would be payable under the Plans at the earliest unreduced commencement age (i.e., age 62).

Each of the Named Executive Officers (other than T. Holton) is 100 percent vested under a particular defined benefit ("Benefit") that was frozen at December 31, 1993 as part of the Plans. A definitive actuarial determination of the benefit amounts was made in 1995. The annual amounts payable upon retirement after attaining age 62 under this Benefit are as follows: S. Bresky, \$32,796; R. Steer, \$15,490; E. Gonzalez, \$2,643; and D. Dannov, \$8,346. Under the Plans, the payment of this benefit is pursuant to a "Ten-Year Certain and Continuous Annuity." This means the participant would receive a monthly annuity benefit for his/her lifetime and, if the participant dies while in the ten-year certain period, the balance of the ten-year benefit would be paid to his/her designated beneficiary. If the participant dies while employed by Seaboard or after retirement, but before the commencement of benefits, monthly payments would be made to the participant's beneficiary in the form of a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. The Plans allow for optional forms of payment under certain circumstances.

The following table sets forth the Years of Credited Service, the Present Value of the Accumulated Benefit and the Payments During the Last Fiscal Year, pursuant to the specified Plans for each of the Named Executive Officers.

*Pension Benefits*

<i>Name</i>	<i>Plan Name</i>	<i>Years of Credited Service (#)</i>	<i>Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$)</i>	<i>Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$)</i>
Steven J. Bresky	Executive Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	34		
	Pre-2013 Benefit		23,176,364	- 0 -
	Post-2012 Benefit		1,655,454	- 0 -
	Pension Plan	35	1,218,368	- 0 -
Robert L. Steer	Executive Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	32.68		
	Pre-2013 Benefit		11,889,227	- 0 -
	Post-2012 Benefit		- 0 -	3,872,402
	Pension Plan	30	899,006	- 0 -
Terry J. Holton	Executive Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	22.44		
	Pre-2013 Benefit		3,745,954	- 0 -
	Post-2012 Benefit		2,948,072	103,337
	Pension Plan	23	763,013	- 0 -
David M. Dannov	Executive Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	30		
	Pre-2013 Benefit		6,338,882	- 0 -
	Post-2012 Benefit		2,040,284	- 0 -
	Pension Plan	27	748,899	- 0 -
Edward A. Gonzalez	Cash Balance Retirement Plan <sup>(1)</sup>	28	5,214,425	- 0 -
	Pension Plan	28	657,941	- 0 -

<sup>(1)</sup> Credited years of post-participation service (service after becoming a participant) for S. Bresky is 20 years, for R. Steer is 23.68; for D. Dannov is 23 years; for T. Holton is 20.44 years; and for E. Gonzalez is 15 years. The credited years of pre-participation service (service prior to becoming a participant) for each of the Named Executive Officers is as follows: S. Bresky, 14; R. Steer, 9; T. Holton, 2; D. Dannov, 6; and E. Gonzalez, 12.

**Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan**

In 2005, Seaboard adopted the Seaboard Corporation Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the “Deferred Compensation Plan”), which gives a select group of management or highly-compensated employees the right to defer salary and bonus to be paid by Seaboard at a later time, all in accordance with applicable ERISA and income tax laws and regulations. No income taxes are payable by the participants on amounts deferred pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan until they are paid to the participant. The Deferred Compensation Plan also provides for a Company contribution to be credited to participants in an amount equal to Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan matching percentage, 3 percent for 2017, of each participant’s deferral pursuant to the Plan, and of each participant’s annual compensation in excess of the Tax Code limitation on the amount of compensation that can be taken into account under Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan (the “401(k) Match”). The amount of such limitation for Seaboard was \$265,000 in 2017; \$265,000 in 2016; and \$260,000 in 2015.

Through 2008, each of the Named Executive Officers was a participant in the Deferred Compensation Plan. Effective January 1, 2009, the plan was amended to provide that E. Gonzalez was no longer allowed to make deferrals under the Deferred Compensation Plan, and the 401(k) Match was not made pursuant to the Deferred Compensation Plan for compensation earned after January 1, 2009; however, amounts deferred prior to January 1, 2009 remained subject to the plan.

All amounts deferred and all Company contributions credited are included in the amounts reported in the Summary Compensation Table above.

*Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan*

<i>Name</i>	<i>Executive Contributions in Last Fiscal Year<sup>(1)</sup></i> (\$)	<i>Registrant Contributions in Last Fiscal Year<sup>(2)</sup></i> (\$)	<i>Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year</i> (\$)	<i>Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions</i> (\$)	<i>Aggregate Balance at Last Fiscal Year End</i> (\$)
Steven J. Bresky	1,464,035	78,457	4,019,947	- 0 -	23,065,986
Robert L. Steer	- 0 -	48,150	21,364	- 0 -	130,701
Terry J. Holton	899,040	48,257	637,808	- 0 -	7,278,109
David M. Dannov	673,443	20,203	8,657	(411,968)	1,188,976
Edward A. Gonzalez	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -

(1) Represents bonus earned in 2016 and deferred when paid in 2017 for S. Bresky, T. Holton and D. Dannov. For S. Bresky and T. Holton, the amount includes 2017 salary deferral.

(2) Represents the 401(k) Match made by Seaboard based on 2016 compensation and bonus paid in 2017. For S. Bresky and T. Holton, amount also includes a portion of Company match based on 2017 salary deferral noted in (1).

**Seaboard Marine Ltd. 401(k) Excess Plan**

Effective January 1, 2009, Seaboard adopted the Seaboard Marine Ltd. 401(k) Excess Plan (the “401(k) Excess Plan”), which provides a benefit for certain employees of Seaboard Marine Ltd., including E. Gonzalez. Pursuant to the 401(k) Plan, participants are paid an amount equal to Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan matching percentage, which for 2017, equaled 3 percent of each participant’s annual compensation in excess of the Tax Code limitation on the amount of compensation that can be taken into account under Seaboard’s 401(k) Retirement Savings Plan. The amount of such limitation was \$265,000 in 2017; \$265,000 in 2016; and \$255,000 in 2015. The benefit earned by E. Gonzalez pursuant to this Plan in 2015 and paid to E. Gonzalez in 2016 was \$25,953. The benefit earned by E. Gonzalez pursuant to this Plan for 2016 and paid to him in 2017 was \$29,238. The benefit earned by E. Gonzalez pursuant to this Plan in 2017 (\$56,376) will be paid to him in 2018, and is included in the Summary Compensation Table above.

**Seaboard Corporation Investment Option Plan**

For the years 2001-2004, Seaboard established the Seaboard Corporation Investment Option Plan, which allowed executives to reduce their compensation, and Seaboard to make contributions, in exchange for an option to acquire interests measured by reference to three alternative investments. However, as a result of U.S. tax legislation passed in October 2004, reductions to compensation and contributions by Seaboard to this plan after 2004 were no longer allowed. The exercise price for each investment option was established based upon the fair market value of the underlying investment on the date of grant. The options expire not later than 20 years after the date the option was granted.

*Investment Option Plan*

<i>Name</i>	<i>Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year</i> (\$)	<i>Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions</i> (\$)	<i>Aggregate Balance at Last Fiscal Year End</i> (\$)	<i>Exercise Price for Option</i> (\$)	<i>Net Aggregate Balance at Last Fiscal Year End</i> (\$)
Steven J. Bresky	1,259,402	- 0 -	7,759,628	783,838	6,975,790
Robert L. Steer	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -
Terry J. Holton	250,503	- 0 -	1,560,776	167,495	1,393,281
David M. Dannov	35,117	- 0 -	216,370	21,629	194,741
Edward A. Gonzalez	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -	- 0 -

### Retiree Medical Benefit Plan

The Seaboard Corporation Retiree Medical Benefit Plan provides family medical insurance to certain members of management, including each Named Executive Officer upon his retirement in the event he has attained age 50, and has completed at least 15 years of service. This benefit is also furnished in the event the Named Executive Officer's employment is involuntarily terminated (other than if the Named Executive Officer unlawfully converted a material amount of funds), or in the event of a change of control of Seaboard.

Following is a summary of the present value cost to Seaboard of this benefit for each Named Executive Officer, assuming that this benefit was triggered and said medical insurance began to be furnished on December 31, 2017.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Present Value of Retiree Medical Benefit<sup>(1)</sup></i> (\$)
Steven J. Bresky	220,125
Robert L. Steer	334,497
Terry J. Holton	361,496
Edward A. Gonzalez	396,168
David M. Dannov	348,606

<sup>(1)</sup> To calculate the present value of this benefit, the assumptions for claims costs, health care trend, aging on claims, mortality and interest rate are the same as were used to accrue a liability on Seaboard's balance sheet.

### Executive Long-Term Disability Plan

The Seaboard Corporation Executive Long-Term Disability Plan provides disability pay continuation to certain members of management, including R. Steer, T. Holton, D. Dannov and E. Gonzalez upon a long-term illness or injury that prevents the participant from being able to perform his duties. Benefits are payable following a 90 day elimination or waiting period. In conjunction with the Seaboard Corporation Group Long-Term Disability Plan, benefits payable are equal to 70 percent of participant's salary and bonus, up to \$23,000 per month for R. Steer, and up to \$18,000 per month for T. Holton, E. Gonzalez, and D. Dannov.

### Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan

The purposes of the Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan (the "Incentive Plan") established in 2017 was to provide both a framework for the Company's executive incentive programs and secure the deductibility for Federal tax purposes of incentive compensation payable to certain of the Company's executive officers. The Incentive Plan is designed to work in conjunction with other existing Company sponsored compensation arrangements.

Pursuant to the Incentive Plan, Seaboard's Incentive Compensation Committee or other committee of outside directors of the Company's Board of Directors may designate the persons authorized to participate in the Incentive Plan as well as to establish specific performance goals that must be accomplished within a specific Incentive Period, to establish target objective(s) with respect to such goals, and to use an objective formula or method for computing the participant's performance compensation if the goals are met. The Incentive Plan also requires that the goals, objectives and compensation formulae/methods be (i) established within the first quarter of the Incentive Period (unless the Incentive Period is longer than one year in which case such goals, objectives and compensation formulae/methods must be established within the first 90 days of such period); and (ii) established such that the outcome of the goal or objective is substantially uncertain at the time the Incentive Compensation Committee establishes the goal or objective.

As soon as practicable after the end of each Incentive Period, the Committee will certify in writing (except where not required by Section 162(m)) the extent to which the established performance goals have been satisfied, including the specific target objective or objectives and the satisfaction of any other material terms of the award. The Committee will then calculate the amount of each participant's award earned for the Incentive Period based upon the performance goals, objectives and computation formulas or methods for such recently ended Incentive Period. Unless the Committee elects to amend an award so that it no longer qualifies for the performance based compensation exception under Section 162(m) and is no longer subject to the Incentive Plan, the Committee may not increase the amount of any participant's award but may reduce the amount of or eliminate altogether the participant's right to payment of any award if the Committee determines that such a reduction or elimination is appropriate in order to reflect the participant's performance or unanticipated factors. Any payments made by the Company under the Incentive Plan will be made as soon as practicable



after the end of each Incentive Period and after the Committee has certified in writing that the relevant performance goals were achieved.

The Incentive Compensation Committee determined that the 2017 performance goal was achieved, and established the following incentive awards (bonuses) for each of the participants, which amounts were reduced by the Incentive Compensation Committee to be less than the maximum amount each participant was eligible to receive:

<i>Name</i>	<i>Incentive Award (Bonus)</i>
Steven J. Bresky	\$1,550,000
Terry J. Holton	\$1,350,000
David M. Dannov	\$ 750,000

## COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Overview of Compensation Program

The Board of Directors has responsibility for establishing, implementing and monitoring adherence with Seaboard's compensation philosophy. The Board ensures that the total compensation paid to the Named Executive Officers is fair, reasonable and competitive.

### Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

Seaboard maintains the philosophy that the compensation for its executive officers should reflect that these officers are responsible for implementing Seaboard's long-term strategic objectives. The compensation of the executive officers is designed to ensure that Seaboard maintains its ability to attract and retain superior employees in key positions, and that compensation provided to key employees remains competitive relative to compensation paid to similarly situated executives of our peer companies. Seaboard does not maintain any equity compensation plans, such as stock grants or stock options, unlike most of Seaboard's peer companies. However, in 2017, the Board of Directors adopted and the stockholders approved the Incentive Plan, which is administered by the Incentive Compensation Committee. See Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan beginning on page 14 for a description of the Incentive Plan.

At the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the Company provided stockholders the opportunity to cast an advisory vote on executive compensation. The stockholders voted to approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the Company's executive officers, as described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section, the tabular disclosure regarding such compensation and the accompanying narrative disclosure set forth in the Company's 2017 annual meeting proxy statement. The Board viewed the vote as a strong expression of the stockholders' general satisfaction with the Company's current executive compensation programs. At the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the Company also provided stockholders the opportunity to cast an advisory vote on the frequency of holding future advisory votes on executive compensation. Consistent with the stockholders' preference expressed in voting at the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the Company's Board of Directors determined that an advisory vote on the compensation of the Company's executive officers will be conducted every three years. The next stockholder advisory vote on executive compensation will take place at the 2020 Annual Meeting. The next stockholder vote on the frequency of holding future advisory votes on executive compensation will take place at the 2023 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

### Setting Executive Compensation

Based on the foregoing objectives, the Board of Directors establishes the salaries for the Named Executive Officers. The Board of Directors establishes the bonuses for the Named Executive Officers who are not participants in the Incentive Plan, based upon a subjective review of Company performance and individual performance. The Incentive Compensation Committee establishes the performance awards for the participants in the Incentive Plan pursuant to the provisions of the Incentive Plan, which likewise is based upon a subjective review of Company performance and individual performance.

A significant factor in determining total compensation is that Seaboard does not provide any long-term incentive compensation, such as stock grants or stock options.

## 2017 Executive Compensation Components

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the principal components of compensation for the Named Executive Officers were:

- Base salary;
- Bonus or incentive award;
- Retirement and other benefits; and
- Perquisites and other personal benefits.

*Salaries.* The 2017 salaries for the Named Executive Officers were established by the Board of Directors based on the estimated increase in the cost of living. The Board of Directors determined the salaries for the Named Executive Officers generally by increasing the salaries for 2017 by a cost of living adjustment.

*Bonuses and Incentive Awards.* To establish the bonuses for R. Steer and E. Gonzalez, the Named Executive Officers who are not participants in the Incentive Plan, the Board of Directors made a subjective determination, primarily considering:

- Individual review of the executive's compensation, both individually and relative to other officers;
- Individual performance of the executive; and
- Seaboard's operating results.

S. Bresky, T. Holton and D. Dannov are participants in the Incentive Plan. Pursuant to the provisions of the Incentive Plan, the Incentive Compensation Committee established a performance goal for 2017 that the consolidated Net Earnings of Seaboard Corporation (excluding any loss attributable to Seaboard Triumph Foods, LLC) must equal or exceed \$25 million for the incentive period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. The Incentive Compensation Committee further established that in the event the performance goal was met, each participant was entitled to receive a bonus equal to the lesser of 300 percent of the participant's 2017 base salary or \$3 million, subject to the Incentive Compensation Committee's discretion to reduce each award amount. The Incentive Compensation Committee determined that the 2017 performance goal was achieved, but reduced the incentive awards (bonuses) for each of the participants to amounts that are less than the maximum amount each participant was eligible to receive. See Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan beginning on page 14 for the amounts of such incentive awards (bonuses) for 2017.

*Retirement and Other Benefits.* Each of the Named Executive Officers is a participant in the Executive Retirement Plan or the Cash Balance Retirement Plan. The benefit under these plans is generally equal to 2.5 percent of the final average remuneration (salary plus bonus) of the participant, multiplied by the participant's years of service in the plan after January 1, 1997, subject to a limitation in the number of years of service and final average remuneration. The exact amount of the benefits, the offsets thereto and the benefit for years of service prior to January 1, 1997 are set forth in more detail on page 12 of this Proxy statement.

Seaboard also maintains a tax-qualified retirement savings plan, to which all U.S.-based employees, including the Named Executive Officers, are able to contribute their annual compensation, up to the limit prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service. For 2017, Seaboard matched 50 percent of the first 6 percent of compensation contributed to the plan. All matching contributions vest fully after completing 5 years of service.

The Named Executive Officers, in addition to certain other executives, are entitled to participate in the Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, which gives participants (other than E. Gonzalez) the right to defer salary and bonus to be paid by Seaboard at a later time, all in accordance with applicable ERISA and income tax laws and regulations.

Seaboard also maintains for each of the Named Executive Officers and certain other executives the Seaboard Corporation Retiree Medical Benefit Plan, which provides family medical insurance to each participant upon his retirement: (i) in the event he has attained age 50, and has at least 15 years of service; or (ii) in the event the participant's employment is involuntarily terminated (other than if the participant unlawfully converted a material amount of funds); or (iii) in the event of a change of control of Seaboard.

The Board believes that Seaboard's retirement and other benefits are consistent with the philosophy of Seaboard to provide security and stability of employment to the Named Executive Officers as a mechanism to attract and retain these employees.

*Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits.* Seaboard provides the Named Executive Officers with perquisites and other benefits that the Board believes are reasonable and consistent with its overall compensation program to better enable Seaboard to attract and retain superior employees for key positions. These include an automobile allowance, fuel card usage, life insurance, disability insurance, personal use of Seaboard’s airplane up to a specified number of hours, and paid time off and pay for unused paid time off.

### **Deductibility of Executive Compensation**

Pursuant to Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, compensation in excess of \$1 million paid by Seaboard to certain of the Named Executive Officers is not deductible by Seaboard, subject to certain exceptions, including the Seaboard Executive Incentive Plan. The Board of Directors has considered the effect of Section 162(m) of the Code on Seaboard’s executive compensation. The Named Executive Officers to whom the 162(m) limitation applies deferred, pursuant to the Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, any compensation for 2017 in excess of \$1 million that would not be deductible, such that Seaboard will not lose any deduction for 2017 for compensation paid to these Named Executive Officers. The 2017 compensation in excess of \$1 million paid to certain of the Named Executive Officers is not subject to Section 162(m) of the Code.

Compensation that qualifies as “performance-based” compensation is not subject to the Section 162(m) deductibility limit. Payments pursuant to the Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan are not subject to the Section 162(m) deductibility limit.

### **COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT**

The entire Board of Directors (in the absence of a compensation committee) has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis set forth above with management, and based on this review and discussions, has determined that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in Seaboard’s Annual Report on Form 10-K and this proxy statement.

The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing the compensation for each of the Named Executive Officers, except for the incentive compensation earned under the Seaboard Executive Incentive Plan. To assist the Board of Directors in determining 2017 bonuses for R. Steer and E. Gonzalez, and 2018 salaries for each of the Named Executive Officers, S. Bresky and R. Steer discussed the 2017 bonuses and 2018 salaries for each of these Named Executive Officers, considering Seaboard’s performance and each Named Executive Officer’s performance during 2017. The 2017 bonuses for R. Steer and E. Gonzalez, and 2018 salaries for the Named Executive Officers were subsequently approved by the Board of Directors.

The members of the Board of Directors reviewing and discussing the Compensation Disclosure and Analysis are as follows:

Steven J. Bresky	David A. Adamsen
Douglas W. Baena	Edward I. Shifman, Jr.
Paul M. Squires	

### **COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION**

The Board of Directors does not have a compensation committee, although it has established an Incentive Compensation Committee for the administration of the Seaboard Corporation Executive Incentive Plan. It is the view of the Board of Directors that Seaboard need not have a Compensation Committee because Seaboard is controlled by the Seaboard Flour Entities, and because the full Board of Directors is able to perform the functions relative to executive compensation. The full Board of Directors participated in the consideration of executive and director compensation. S. Bresky is a member of the Board of Directors of Seaboard and participates in decisions by the Board regarding executive compensation, other than his own compensation.

## **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS PROCEDURES**

Seaboard has no formal policy or procedure that must be followed prior to any transaction, arrangement or relationship with a related person, as defined by SEC regulations (e.g., directors, executive officers, any 5 percent shareholder, or immediate family member of any of the foregoing).

On December 27, 2017, the Helen A. Bresky 2004 Revocable Trust (the "Trust"), the grantor and trustee of which is Helen A. Bresky, mother of Steven J. Bresky, Seaboard's President and Chairman of the Board, exercised options issued pursuant to the Seaboard Corporation Investment Option Plan (the "Option Plan"). See Seaboard Corporation Investment Option Plan on page 13 for a description of the Option Plan. To encourage early exercise of the outstanding options under the Option Plan, Seaboard offered to pay to all holders of options a 6 percent premium on the fair value of the options as of December 23, 2017. On December 27, 2017, Helen A. Bresky, as trustee, exercised all options held by her that were issued pursuant to the Option Plan, and was paid \$6,696,883 in conjunction with the exercise of the options, \$6,317,814 representing the fair value for the options and \$379,069 representing a 6 percent premium on the fair value of the options on such date. The options owned by the Trust that were issued pursuant to the Option Plan were formerly owned by the late H. H. Bresky, Seaboard's former President and Chairman of the Board. Steven J. Bresky and a foundation affiliated with Steven J. Bresky are contingent beneficiaries of the Trust.

Seaboard has a written conflict of interest policy, which requires directors, officers and employees to conduct their non-work activities in a manner that does not conflict with the best interests of Seaboard. Annually, all officers and salaried employees are required to complete a form disclosing all known conflicts of interest. Seaboard's Director of Human Resources and Seaboard's General Counsel review and approve any disclosed conflicts of interest. In the event any of the executive officers disclosed any conflict of interest, Seaboard's General Counsel would discuss the conflict with Seaboard's Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and/or Seaboard's President and Chief Executive Officer. In the event the conflict involved Seaboard's President and Chief Executive Officer and was otherwise material, the conflict would be reviewed and approved by Seaboard's Board of Directors.

In addition to the procedures to review conflicts of interest, annually, Seaboard requires each director, nominee for a director and officer of Seaboard to complete a questionnaire which requires disclosure of any transaction or loan exceeding \$120,000 between Seaboard and such person or any member of such person's immediate family. Any such matters which were disclosed would be reviewed by Seaboard's General Counsel and discussed with Seaboard's President and Chief Executive Officer and/or Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and/or Seaboard's Board of Directors, depending on the materiality of the matter. During 2017, there were no such related party transactions in excess of \$120,000.

The standards applied pursuant to the above-described procedures are to provide comfort that any conflict of interest or related party transaction is on an arms-length basis which is fair to Seaboard. This is principally accomplished by ensuring that the Seaboard person entering into or approving the transaction on behalf of Seaboard is independent of the person with the conflict of interest or engaging in the related party transaction with Seaboard.

## **ITEM 2: SELECTION OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors has selected the independent registered public accounting firm of KPMG LLP as Seaboard's independent auditors to audit the books, records and accounts of Seaboard for the year ending December 31, 2018. Stockholders will have an opportunity to vote at the annual meeting on whether to ratify the Audit Committee's decision in this regard. Seaboard has been advised by KPMG LLP that neither it nor any member or associate has any relationship with Seaboard or with any of its affiliates other than as independent accountants and auditors.

Submission of the selection of the independent auditors to the stockholders for ratification will not limit the authority of the Audit Committee to appoint another independent certified public accounting firm to serve as independent auditors if the present auditors resign or their engagement otherwise is terminated. Submission to the stockholders of the selection of independent auditors is not required by Seaboard's bylaws.

It is anticipated that a representative of KPMG LLP will be present at the annual meeting, and will have an opportunity to make a statement or respond to questions.

**The Board of Directors recommends that you vote for ratifying the appointment of KPMG LLP as the independent auditors of Seaboard for the year ending December 31, 2018.**

## Independent Auditors' Fees

The following table presents fees for professional audit services rendered by KPMG LLP for the audit of Seaboard's annual financial statements for 2017 and 2016, and fees billed for other services rendered by KPMG LLP during such years.

<i>Type of Fee</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2016</i>
Audit Fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,873,688	\$ 2,632,884
Audit-Related Fees <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 755,640	\$ 59,200
Tax Fees <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 233,064	\$ 272,864
All Other Fees	\$ 82,674	\$ 103,058

(1) Audit Fees, including those for statutory audits, include the aggregate fees paid by us during 2017 and 2016 for professional services rendered by KPMG LLP for the audit of our annual financial statements and internal controls over financial reporting, and the review of financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q.

(2) Audit-Related Fees include the aggregate fees paid by us during 2017 and 2016 for assurance and related services by KPMG LLP that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and not included in Audit Fees.

(3) Tax Fees include the aggregate fees paid by us during 2017 and 2016 for professional services rendered by KPMG LLP for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning, including tax audit support and transfer pricing studies.

## Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services

The Audit Committee has established a policy to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services. Prior to the engagement of the independent auditors, the Audit Committee pre-approves the services by category of service. Fees are estimated and the Audit Committee requires the independent auditors and management to report actual fees, as compared to budgeted fees by category of service. The Audit Committee has delegated pre-approval authority to the Audit Committee Chairman for engagements of less than \$25,000. For informational purposes only, any pre-approval decisions made by the Audit Committee Chairman are reported at the Audit Committee's next scheduled meeting. The percentage of audit-related fees, tax fees and all other fees that were approved by the Audit Committee for fiscal 2017 was 100 percent of the total fees incurred.

## Audit Committee Report to Stockholders

The Audit Committee of Seaboard is comprised of three directors who are "independent," as defined by the NYSE American listing standards, and operates under a written charter. The Audit Committee Charter is available on Seaboard's website at [www.seaboardcorp.com](http://www.seaboardcorp.com).

The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited financial statements for fiscal year 2017 and discussed them with management and with the independent auditors, KPMG LLP. The Audit Committee also discussed with KPMG LLP the matters required to be discussed by the applicable Public Company Accounting Oversight Board standards.

The Audit Committee has received the written disclosures and the letter from the independent auditors required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent auditors' communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence, and has discussed with the independent auditors their independence. The Audit Committee has concluded that the independent auditors currently meet applicable independence standards.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the independent auditors' fees for audit and non-audit services for fiscal year 2017. The Audit Committee considered whether such non-audit services are compatible with maintaining independent auditor independence and has concluded that they are compatible at this time.

Based on its review of the audited financial statements and the other materials referred to above and the various discussions referred to above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited financial statements be included in Seaboard's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The foregoing has been furnished by the Audit Committee:

Douglas W. Baena (Chair)      David A. Adamsen      Edward I. Shifman, Jr.

## **OTHER MATTERS**

The notice of meeting provides for the election of directors, the selection of independent auditors and for the transaction of such other business, as may properly come before the meeting. As of the date of this proxy statement, the Board of Directors does not intend to present to the meeting any other business, and it has not been informed of any business intended to be presented by others. However, if any other matters properly come before the meeting, the persons named in the enclosed proxy will take action and vote proxies, in accordance with their judgment of such matters.

Action may be taken on the business to be transacted at the meeting on the date specified in the notice of meeting or on any date or dates to which such meeting may be adjourned.

### **SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE**

Based solely on a review of the copies of reports furnished to Seaboard and written representations that no other reports were required, Seaboard believes that during fiscal 2017, all reports of ownership required under Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for directors and executive officers of Seaboard and beneficial owners of more than 10 percent of Seaboard's common stock have been timely filed. However, S. Bresky was late in filing a report on Form 4 in 2009 and 2011 to report two transactions involving the reorganization of the Bresky family's ownership of Seaboard common stock: (i) the June 15, 2009 transfer of 428,122.55 shares by Seaboard Flour LLC to SFC Preferred, LLC, each of which is managed solely by S. Bresky and is owned by members of the Bresky family directly or through various trusts for their benefit; and (ii) the December 10, 2011 appointment of S. Bresky as trustee of a trust established by his mother for the benefit of members of the Bresky family.

## **STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS**

It is anticipated that the 2019 annual meeting of stockholders will be held on April 22, 2019. Any stockholder who intends to present a proposal at the 2019 annual meeting must deliver the proposal to Seaboard at 9000 West 67th Street, Merriam, Kansas 66202, Attention: David M. Becker by the applicable deadline below:

- If the stockholder proposal is intended for inclusion in Seaboard's proxy materials for that meeting, Seaboard must receive the proposal no later than November 9, 2018. Such proposal must also comply with the other requirements of the proxy solicitation rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- If the stockholder proposal is to be presented without inclusion in Seaboard's proxy materials for that meeting, Seaboard must receive the proposal no later than January 23, 2019.

Proxies solicited in connection with the 2019 annual meeting of stockholders will confer on the appointed proxies' discretionary voting authority to vote on stockholder proposals that are not presented for inclusion in the proxy materials, unless the proposing stockholder notifies Seaboard by January 23, 2019 that such proposal will be made at the meeting.

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements of Seaboard for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, together with corresponding consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, are contained in the Annual Report which is mailed to stockholders with this proxy statement. The Annual Report is not to be regarded as proxy solicitation material.

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Any stockholder desiring additional information about Seaboard and its operations may, upon written request, obtain a copy of Seaboard's Annual Report to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-K without charge. Requests should be directed to Shareholder Relations, Seaboard Corporation, 9000 West 67th Street, Merriam, Kansas 66202. Seaboard's Annual Report to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-K is also available on Seaboard's Internet website at [www.seaboardcorp.com](http://www.seaboardcorp.com).

## **HOUSEHOLDING OF PROXY MATERIALS**

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted rules that permit companies and intermediaries (including brokers) to satisfy the delivery requirements for proxy statements, annual reports and notices of internet availability of proxy materials with respect to two or more stockholders sharing the same address by delivering a single package of these materials addressed to those stockholders. This process, which is commonly referred to as “householding,” potentially means extra convenience for stockholders and cost savings for companies.

We have adopted a “householding” procedure that you may wish to follow. If you are receiving multiple sets of proxy materials and wish to have your accounts householded, call Shareholder Relations at (913) 676-8800 or send written instructions to Shareholder Relations, Seaboard Corporation, 9000 West 67th Street, Merriam, Kansas 66202. If you no longer wish to participate in householding (and instead wish that each stockholder sharing the same address with you receives a complete set of proxy materials), you must provide written notification to Shareholder Relations to withhold your consent for householding. We will act in accordance with your wishes within 30 days after receiving such notification.

Many brokerage firms participate in householding as well. If you have a householding request for your brokerage account, please contact your broker.

**SEABOARD  
CORPORATION**

Shareowner Services  
P.O. Box 64945  
St. Paul, MN 55164-0945



**Vote by Internet, Telephone or Mail  
24 Hours a Day, 7 Days a Week**

Your phone or Internet vote authorizes the named proxies to vote your shares in the same manner as if you marked, signed and returned your proxy card.



**INTERNET/MOBILE** – [www.proxypush.com/seb](http://www.proxypush.com/seb)  
Use the Internet to vote your proxy until 11:59 p.m. (CT) on April 22, 2018.



**PHONE** – **1-866-883-3382**  
Use a touch-tone telephone to vote your proxy until 11:59 p.m. (CT) on April 22, 2018.



**MAIL** – Mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it in the postage-paid envelope provided.

**If you vote your proxy by Internet or by Telephone, you do NOT need to mail back your Proxy Card.**

**The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR all the nominees listed and FOR Item 2.**

- |                           |                     |                          |                                   |  |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Election of directors: | 01 Steven J. Bresky | 03 Douglas W. Baena      | <input type="checkbox"/> Vote FOR | <input type="checkbox"/> Vote WITHHELD |
|                           | 02 David A. Adamsen | 04 Edward I. Shifman Jr. | all nominees                      | from all nominees                      |
|                           | 05 Paul M. Squires  |                          | (except as marked)                |  |

**(Instructions: To withhold authority to vote for any indicated nominee, write the number(s) of the nominee(s) in the box provided to the right.)**

2. Ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as independent auditors of the Company:  For  Against  Abstain

**THIS PROXY WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED WILL BE VOTED AS DIRECTED OR, IF NO DIRECTION IS GIVEN, WILL BE VOTED AS THE BOARD RECOMMENDS.**

Address Change? Mark box, sign and indicate changes below:

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature(s) in Box

Please sign exactly as your name(s) appear(s) on the Proxy. If held in joint tenancy, all persons should sign. Trustees, administrators, etc., should include title and authority. Corporations should provide full name of corporation and title of authorized officer signing the Proxy.



**SEABOARD CORPORATION**  
**ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**  
**Monday, April 23, 2018**

**SEABOARD CORPORATION**

**PROXY**

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**THIS PROXY IS SOLICITED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS  
FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS – APRIL 23, 2018**

The undersigned hereby appoints Steven J. Bresky and Robert L. Steer and each of them, proxies with full power of substitution, to vote as designated below, on behalf of the undersigned all shares of Stock which the undersigned may be entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Seaboard Corporation (the "Company") on April 23, 2018, and any adjournments thereof, with all power that the undersigned would possess if personally present. In their discretion, the proxies are hereby authorized to vote upon such other business as may properly come before the meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED AS DIRECTED, OR IF NO DIRECTION IS INDICATED, WILL BE VOTED "FOR" THE ELECTION OF ALL OF THE DIRECTORS, and "FOR" ITEM 2.

*See reverse for voting instructions.*